## Life in all its fullness - through learning and love.



# **Termly Foundation Plan**

Subject	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5	Lesson 6	Lesson 7
Art Topic Focus – Batik Artist – Henderson Reece	NC Objective - Explore roles and purposes of artists from different cultures.	NC Objective - Collect visual information to help develop ideas using a sketchbook.	NC Objective - Explore use of colour, pattern, texture, etc.	NC Objective - Investigate visual and tactile qualities of materials.	NC Objective - Select appropriate tools and techniques.	NC Objective - Develop control of tools and techniques.	NC Objective - To review and revisit ideas.
	Key Knowledge – To understand that the colour used in batik reflects the hot climate with bright, vivid colours and features diverse wildlife of open plains, bush, swamps and waterways.	Key Knowledge – Observing artist's work, creating own work through sketching.	Key Knowledge – To identify that the common colours of batik are: earthy reds, oranges and yellows, olive green, vibrant blue, black and white of resist.	Key Knowledge - Different materials are used as a resist, e.g. cassava paste (root plant), rice paste and river mud. To understand batik techniques using flour as a resist, following step-by-step process.	Key Knowledge - Using control and developing their techniques through creativity of materials.	Key Knowledge – Accurate control and creativity of their art-work.	Key Knowledge - Reviewing and evaluating their art work, offering positive/ constructive feedback.

	Topic Vocabulary – (Revisited) opinions	, discussions, techniq	ues, control, creativit	y, experimentation, s	ketch, review, revisit,	observations,	·
	(New) Batik, differe	nt cultures, technique	es, patterns, blocking,	, substance, resists, ca	assava paste and dye.		
Computing Topic Focus – Let's Learn a Language	NC Objective - Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.	NC Objective - Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.	NC Objective - Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	NC Objective - Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	NC Objective - Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	NC Objective - Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.	NC Objective - Select, use and combine a variety of software on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.
	Key Knowledge - Understand that coding is the use of programming languages to make games, programs and computers things.	Key Knowledge - Children will explore different coding apps and websites.	Key Knowledge - Children are able to sample and complete Javascript challenges. https://www.w3s chools.com/js/def ault.as	Key Knowledge - Children understand the different commands on Python.	Key Knowledge - Children understand the input command and can use the random command and understand its function.	Key Knowledge - Children are able to work independently to solve coding problems.	Key Knowledge - The children will learn how to apply their knowledge to other aps and learn simple elements of javascript.

	Topic Vocabulary – (Revisited) QR code	e, scratch, coding, deb	ug, monitor, alt, ctrl, a	animation, coding	block, cursor, email	, database, paste, to	ext.
	(New) Javascript, B	ill Gates, Mark Zucker	burg, python, prograr	nming language, d	ebug, variable, inpu	t, output and rand	om command.
Design Technology	NC Objective –	NC Objective -	NC Objective -				
Topic Focus – Controllable vehicles – electrical control	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups.	Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques.	Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques.				
	Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross- sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and	Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for	Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for				

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	computer-aided	example, cutting,	example, cutting,			
	design.	shaping, joining	shaping, joining			
		and finishing),	and finishing],			
	Understand and	accurately.	accurately.			
	apply the					
	principles of a	Select from and	Select from and			
	healthy and varied	use a wider range	use a wider range			
	diet.	of materials and	of materials and			
		components,	components,			
		including	including			
		construction	construction			
		materials, textiles	materials, textiles			
		and ingredients,	and ingredients,			
		according to their	according to their			
		functional	functional			
		properties and	properties and			
		aesthetic qualities	aesthetic qualities.			
		Evaluate their	Evaluate their			
		ideas and	ideas and			
		products against	products against			
		their own design	their own design			
		criteria and	criteria and			
		consider the views	consider the views			
		of others to	of others to			
		improve their	improve their			
		work	work.			
	Key Knowledge	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge –			•
	I know how to					
	research a recipe	l can prepare	l can prepare			
	by ingredient.	ingredients and	ingredients and			
		follow a recipe	follow a recipe			
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	I understand that not all courses complement one another. I can list the	safely and sensibly. I can describe the process of 'Farm to Fork' for a given	safely and sensibly. I can describe the process of 'Farm to Fork' for a given				
	ingredients I need for my chosen recipe.	ingredient using a storyboard. I can contribute an	ingredient using a storyboard. I can contribute an				
	I can read the method and make a list of all of the equipment I need	attractive and easily understood recipe page to a class cookbook	attractive and easily understood recipe page to a class cookbook				
	for my chosen recipe.	using imperative verbs, adjectives and illustrations.	using imperative verbs, adjectives and illustrations.				
		– Equipment, Flavour , Preparation, Recipe,	· •	d, Research, Recipe, E	Bridge, Method, Cook	book, Cross-contamin	ation, Farm to Fork,
Geography	NC Objective – Locate the world's	NC Objective – Physical	NC Objective – Physical	NC Objective – Physical	NC Objective – Human	NC Objective – Human	NC Objective – Use maps, atlases,
Topic Focus – What makes the USA/Brazil so special?	countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on	geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.	geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.	geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.	geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of	geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of	globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Understand
	their environmental				natural resources including energy,	natural resources including energy,	geographical similarities and

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regions, key				food, minerals and	food, minerals and	differences
physical and				water.	water.	through the study
human						of human and
characteristics,						physical
countries and						geography of a
major cities.						region of the
						United Kingdom, a
						region in a
						European country,
						and a region in
						North or South
						America.
Key Knowledge –	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -
Build on prior	To understand	To know that it	To understand	To understand	To build on prior	To understand
learning of where	that where Brazil	often rains every	how a river is	that life in Brazil is	knowledge of fair	that time can
Brazil is located in	is located in the	day and that there	formed and that	different to life in	trade. To	change both the
relation to the	world influences	are thunderstorms	the Amazon is the	the U.K. To show	understand that	human and
Equator/Northern	the climate and	in the late	longest river	an awareness of	tourism brings	physical features
and Southern	weather.	afternoon. The	in South America.	respect for	positives and	of a landscape.
hemispheres.		temperature is		different cultures	negatives to a	
		high all the		and tribes.	country.	
		year round as it is				
		near the Equator,				
		so the vegetation				
		grows very fast. To				
		understand the				
		main layers of the				
		rainforest.				
Topic Vocabulary:						
(Revisited) Atlas, n	naps, continents, coun	tries, counties, Great	Britain, GMT, time zo	nes, globe, hemisphei	res, poles.	
	•••••	Annous Drosilio Dosif				

(New) cities: São Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Manaus, Brasilia, Recife, Boa Vista, Salvador, Aracaju, Belém, Porto Alegre, rivers: Amazon, Tocantins, São Francisco, Negro, Xingu, Paraná, climate, tropical, statistics, river features: abrasion, bank, basin, bed, channel, current, confluence, dam, delta, deposition, downstream, erosion, estuary, flood barrier, floodplain, ford, freshwater, gorge, hydraulic action, irrigation, meander, mouth, mudflats, oxbow lake, plain, plunge pool, pollution, precipitation, rapids, ravine, reservoir, river-channels, runoff, saltation, sediment, silt,

	•	• •	ey, v-shaped valley, w		grants, plantations, in	habitants, coast, land	lscape, settlements,
			setation and dense ho		1	1	1
History	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –
	Develop a	Construct	Construct	Understand how	Regularly address	Note connections,	Note connections,
Fopic Focus –	chronologically	informed	informed	our knowledge of	and sometimes	contrasts and	contrasts and
Maya Civilzation	secure knowledge	responses that	responses that	the past is	devise historically	trends over time	trends over time
	and	involve thoughtful	involve thoughtful	constructed	valid	and	and
	understanding of	selection and	selection and	from a range of	questions about	develop the	develop the
	world history,	organisation of	organisation of	sources and that	change, cause,	appropriate use of	appropriate use o
	establishing clear	relevant historical	relevant historical	different versions	similarity and	historical terms.	historical terms.
	narratives within	information.	information.	of	difference		
	and across the			past events may	and significance		
	periods they study			exist, giving some			
				reasons for this.			
	Key Knowledge –	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -
	To be able to	To be able to	To be able to read	To identify at least	To identify key	To understand the	To understand the
	recall and organise	answer questions	and write	three sources of	facts about the	foods that the	foods that the
	facts about the	to show they	numbers and solve	evidence about	Maya writing	ancient Maya	ancient Maya
	Maya civilization	understand the	problems using	the Maya and	system.	would have eaten	would have eater
	and to label a map	important aspects	the Maya symbols	explain what it		and to describe	and to describe
	to show where	of Maya religion.	for 0, 1 and 5.	tells them.		why corn and	why corn and
	they lived.					chocolate were	chocolate were
						significant and	significant and
						precious to the	precious to the
						ancient Maya	ancient Maya
						people.	people.
						beebie:	beebie:
	Core Vocab						
			, evidence, sources, pi	rimary sources, secon	dary sources, artefac	ts, archeologist, histo	rian, analyse,
	interpret, research,	theories.					
	New Vocab						
	hieroglyphics, sacrif	ice, worship, ritual, ci	vilization, Mesoamer	ica, civilisation, blood	letting, Xibalba, uppe	erworld, base 10, base	e 20, vigesimal
	• • • •	ography, camera luci	-		•		

Modern Foreign	NC Objectives - Summer 1	NC Objectives - Summer 2	NC Objective -
Language - Spanish	I can name different geographical features in Spanish using	I can name a selection of Spanish speaking countries.	Assessment
Spanish	correct pronunciation	I can identify Spanish speaking countries on a map and use	
Topic Focus -	I can read the geographical features in Spanish.	Spanish vocab to describe where they are in the world.	
Geographical	I can identify different geographical features on a map of	I can research a spanish speaking cou	
Features	Spain	i can research a spanish speaking cou	
reatures	I can write about the Geographical features of Spain in		
Topic Focus -	Spanish		
Greetings	Key Knowledge	Key Knowledge	Key Knowledge -
i cetings	key knowledge	Key Klowledge	incy nitowicage
	características geográficas	Previous vocab	
		Continente - continent	
	Arroyo - stream	Dirección - direction	
	Bahía - bay	el mapa - map	
	Bosque - forest	Este - East	
	Campo - countryside	Globo - globe	
	cascada, catarata - waterfall	Hemisferio - hemisphere	
	colina, loma - hill	hemisferio norte, etc Northern Hemisphere	
	Continente - continent	Isla - island	
	Costa - coast	Mar - sea	
	Desierto - desert	Norte - North	
	Dirección - direction	Océano - ocean	
	el mapa - map	Oeste - West	
	el planeta, mundo - planet	País - country	
	Este - East	sierra, cordillera - mountain range	
	Globo - globe	Sur - South	
	Hemisferio - hemisphere	Tierra - Earth	
	hemisferio norte, etc Northern Hemisphere		
	Isla - island	New Vocab	
	Lago - lake	Argentina	
	Mar - sea	Bolivia	
	montaña, monte - mountain	Chile	
	Norte - North	Colombia	

Term:	Summer
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Term: Summer						<u> </u>	ear Group: Year 6	
	Océano - ocean			Costa Rica				
	Oeste - West			Cuba				
	orilla, ribera - river l	bank, shore		Dominican Republic				
	País - country			Ecuador				
	Playa - beach			El Salvador				
	Puerto - harbor, port			<b>Equatorial Guinea</b>				
	Río - river			Guatemala	•			
	Selva - jungle			Honduras				
	sierra, cordillera - m	ountain range		Mexico				
	Sur - South			Nicaragua				
	Tierra - Earth			Panama				
	Tierra - land			Paraguay				
	Valle - valley			Peru				
	Volcán - volcano			Spain				
				Uruguay				
				Venezuela				
	Topic Vocabulary –	See Key Knowledge						
Music	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	NC Objective -	
	Appreciate and	Listen with	Listen with	Listen with	Listen with	Play and perform	Play and perform	
Topic Focus –	understand a wide	attention to detail	attention to detail	attention to detail	attention to detail	in solo using	in solo using	
You've Got A	range of music	And recall sounds	And recall sounds	And recall sounds	And recall sounds	musical	musical	
Friend.	drawn from great	with increasing	with increasing	with increasing	with increasing	instruments with	instruments with	
	composers and	aural memory.	aural memory.	aural memory.	aural memory.	increasing	increasing	
	musicians.					accuracy, fluency,	accuracy, fluency,	
			Improvise and	Improvise and	Improvise and	control and	control and	
	Develop an		compose music.	compose music.	compose music.	expression.	expression.	
	understanding of							
	the history of							
	music.							
	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	
	Children to	Children to	Children to	Children to	Children to	Children to	Children to	
	understand the	understand the	understand the	understand the	understand the	understand the	understand the	
	meaning behind	meaning behind	meaning behind	meaning behind	meaning behind	meaning behind	meaning behind	
	the song, 'You've	the song, 'Loco-	the song, 'One	the song, 'Up On	the song, 'Will You	the song, 'You	the song, 'You	

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	Got A Friend.' Children to find the pulse, rhythm of the tune, answer questions about the piece and be confident in humming the tune before attempting to sing.	motion.' Children to know how to sing the song, 'You've Got A Friend' in tune.	Fine Day.' Children to understand how the instrumental parts fit into the song, 'You've Got A Friend.'	The Roof.' Children to understand how the instrumental parts fit into the song, 'You've Got A Friend.'	Still Love Me Tomorrow?' Children to understand how the instrumental parts fit into the song and also how to improvise.	Make Me Feel Like A Natural Woman.' Children to understand how the instrumental parts fit into the song and also how to improvise.	Make Me Feel Like A Natural Woman.' Children to understand how the instrumental parts fit into the song and also how to improvise.
PSHE (Summer 1)	(New) pulse, bridge, NC Objective –	, notation, tune, riffs, NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective -
Topic Focus – RSE	Health Education: Mental wellbeing(6c,6d,6f ,6g, 6i,6j) Changing Adolescent body(8a,8b)	Health Education: Mental wellbeing(6c,6d,6f ,6g, 6i,6j) Changing Adolescent body(8a,8b)	Relationships Education: Families and people who care for us (1a,1b,1d,1f) Caring friendships (2a,2b,2c) Respectful relationships 3b,3d,3h) Being safe	Relationships Education: Families and people who care for us (1a,1b,1d,1f) Caring friendships (2a,2b,2c) Respectful relationships 3b,3d,3h) Being safe	Relationships Education: Families and people who care for us (1c,1d,1e)	Relationships Education: Families and people who care for us (1c,1d,1e)	Relationships Education: Online relationships (4a,4b,4c,4d,4e) Being safe (5a,5b,5d,5e,5g,5h ) Mental wellbeing (6h,6i)

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	Key Knowledge - Describe how and why the body changes during puberty in preparation for reproduction and to talk about puberty and reproduction with confidence.	Key Knowledge - Describe how and why the body changes during puberty in preparation for reproduction and to talk about puberty and reproduction with confidence.	Key Knowledge - Explain differences between healthy and unhealthy relationships Know that communication and permission seeking are important.	Key Knowledge - Explain differences between healthy and unhealthy relationships Know that communication and permission seeking are important.	Key Knowledge - Describe the decisions that have to be made before having children and know some basic facts about conception and pregnancy.	Key Knowledge - Describe the decisions that have to be made before having children and know some basic facts about conception and pregnancy.	Key Knowledge - To have considered when it is appropriate to share personal/private information in a relationship and to know how and where to get support if an online relationship goes wrong.
	(New) Puberty, ado personal/private in	ction, pregnancy, twir lescent, womb, sperm formation and interne	n, egg, conception, fer et safety.	tilisation, sexual inter	course, fostering, co	nsent, intimacy, comn	nunication,
		World: Enterprise, re			-		
PSHE (Summer 2)	NC Objective –	NC Objective – Positive and	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective –	NC Objective -
Topic Focus – Mental Health	Positive and negative effects on health.	Positive and negative effects on health.	Emotions	Keeping safe	Feelings in others	Feelings in others	Actions and responses
	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -	Key Knowledge -
	Describe what	Describe what	To recognise that	Develop their	To recognise and	To recognise and	Develop a deeper
	positively and	positively and	they may	understanding of	respond to a wider	respond to a wider	understanding of
	negatively effects	negatively effects	experience	strategies for	variety of feelings	variety of feelings	how our actions
	their physical,	their physical,	conflicting	keeping physically	that may be	that may be	and responses can
	mental and	mental and	emotions and	and emotionally	demonstrated by	demonstrated by	affect our own
	emotional health	emotional health	when they may	safe.	others.	others.	health and the
	to deepen their	to deepen their	need to listen to				health of others.

	understanding of	understanding of	their emotions or					
	conflicting	conflicting	overcome them.					
1	feelings.	feelings.						
-	Topic Vocabulary –							
	(Revisited) Anxious,	evisited) Anxious, awareness, depression, mental illness, medication, meditation, emotions, mindfulness, overwhelmed, panic attack, strategy,						
	stress, strength, technique.							
	(New) Cognitive behavioural therapy, generalised anxiety disorder, well-being.							